

The 2nd Regional Scientific and Technical Committee Meeting for the SEAFDEC/UNEP/GEF Project on Establishment and Operation of a Regional System of Fisheries *Refugia* in the South China Sea and Gulf of Thailand

21<sup>th</sup> -23<sup>th</sup> May 2019 Thansur Sokha Hotel, Kampot Province (Fisheries *Refugia* Site), Cambodia.

# **Information for Participants**

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Meeting Venue	Accommodation	Transportation	Language
(S)	REGISTER		CURRENCY  SEE¥  EXCHANGE
Mobile phones	Registration	IT Services & Documents	Currency and DSA
1111		<ul> <li>Meal</li> <li>Visa Requirements</li> <li>Time Zone</li> <li>Electricity</li> <li>Health</li> </ul>	Contact Us @
Weather	Technical Site Visits	Other Information	Local Contact Point

Dear Participants,

Welcome to Cambodia! Thank you for confirming your participation at the upcoming The Second Meeting of the Regional Scientific and Technical Committee for the SEAFDEC/UNEP/GEF project on Establishment and Operation of a Regional System of Fisheries *Refugia* in the South China Sea and Gulf of Thailand. Please read the following information carefully, as it will help you to plan your travel to Kampot.

# 1. Meeting Venue

The events will be held at the Thansur Sokha Hotel, Kampot Province, Cambodia.

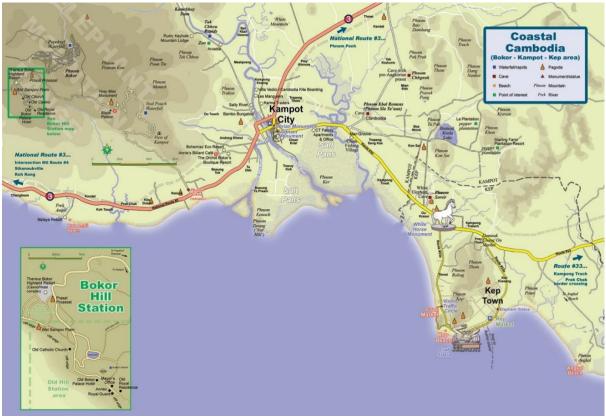
<u>Address</u>: Bokor Mountain, Teuk Chhou District, Kampot, Cambodia.

Phone: +855 33 683 8888 Fax: +855 33 6868 008

E-mail: reservationskp@sokhahotel.com

Website: http://www.sokhahotels.com.kh/kampot/

Location Map: The hotel is located at Preah Monivong Bokor National Park known as Bokor Mountain, the famous destination of eco-tourism site cool climate with forests and wildlife, rich in flora, fauna and waterfalls. It is an hour's drive from Kampot Town in the east. Kampot is a city on the Preaek Tuek Chhu River in southern Cambodia. It's known for its pepper plantations (one of the finest peppers in the world) and salt fields. Many buildings date from the colonial period, including the Governor's Mansion. The house is now the Kampot Museum, which has exhibits on the city's history. while Phnom Penh International Airport is located 179 km. or 4 hr. away by car.



(source: www.canbypublications.com)

#### 2. **Accommodation**

The organizers will take the responsibility for booking and paying for accommodation cost of the representative which cover room charge (single room) with Breakfast only. Personal expenditures i.e. minibar, telephone, laundry or for any other expenses incurred by participants.

For non-sponsored participants or participant's spouse, the expenses will be on their own responsibility. Please contact the organizers in advance for hotel booking. In case of cancellation will follow to cancellation policy of the hotel.

#### **Hotel Facilities**

Thansur Sokha Hotel is the first and only highland resort in the Mekong Sub-Region amid the pristine jungle wilderness and pleasant cool weather on the beautifully landscaped hill on the Bokor Mountain, Kingdom of Cambodia. The hotel offers rooms and suites decked out with modern Khmer art and equipped with latest amenities. All guestrooms are comfortable served with world-class service which offers premium services and facilities such as 4 style restaurants and 2 bars, fitness centre, spa, sauna, Jacuzzi, indoor and outdoor swimming pool, Cloud 9 Kids Club, KTV, Disco Club and Entertainment Centre (Casino). For participants who prefer to stay connected, wireless internet access is available throughout the hotel with compliments and Shuttle service between the resort and Phnom Penh city is also available at a charge.



**Thansur Sokha Hotel** 



Reception





Champei Room



Restaurant



Sky Bar



Jasmine Spa



**Indoor Swimming Pool** 



**Outdoor Swimming Pool** 



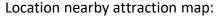
Jacuzzi



Gym



Casino





- 1 "Lok Yeay Mao" Monument
- 2 Domnak Sla Kmao/ King Sihanouk's Residence (1936s)
- 3 Checkpoint 2
- 4
- 6 Prasat Proassath / Ancient Khmer Temple
- (6) Outdoor Swimming Pool
- Paradise Entertainment Plaza

- Thansur Sokha Hotel
- Nine Wings Accommodation (Hotel)
- (10) Chinese Temple
- Flats Housing
- (2) Conference Room
- (B) Wat Sampov Pram/ 5 Boats Pagoda (1924s)
- ( Clinic
- 1 Tea Farm

- (6) Camping Area
- (7) Old Catholic Church (1920s)
- 1 Le Bokor Palace (1925s)
- (19) Heritage Villa (for rent)
- ② Domnak Preah Bath Monivong / Ancient King Retreat (1925s)
- Mountain Lake
- Bokor Hydroponic Farm

- Æ Flower Farm
- 2 Animal Farm
- ② Popokvil Waterfall
- 20 100 Rice Field
- 500 Rice Field
- 23 Turtle Rock
- 29 The Gate Symbol between Heaven and Earth
- 30 Temple Rock

- **1 Nepenthes Flower**
- **100** Meditation Area
- 📸 Shop
- ( Restaurant
- ₩ WC
- Recomended sighting spots



Meditation

RSTC2 MEETING, KAMPOT, CAMBODIA PROJECT COORDINATING UNIT

<sup>\*</sup> original picture from: http://www.sokhahotels.com.kh/kampot/day-and-overnight-trips/ma

# 3. Transportation

# Meeting point at Phnom Penh International Airport

The destination airport of this meeting is "Phnom Penh International Airport" Cambodia. All participants will be met at the Arrival Exit Door by FiA Staff; Ms. Chin Leakhena and the PCU Staff; Mr. Weerasak Yingyuad. In case you cannot find responsible staffs, please wait at the **Park Cafe**, or contact Ms. Chin Leakhena, Mobile phone: +(855) 78 686840.



### Transportation between Airport and Meeting Venue

The Organizer prepares VAN to take all participants to the Thansur Sokha Hotel, Kampot Province. There are two VANs: One departure from Airport at around 10:00 a.m. for those participants who arrived before 09:30 a.m., another Van will departure from Airport at around 02:00 p.m. for those participants who arrived before 01:30 p.m. It takes approximately 4 hours from Airport to the Hotel/Meeting venue.

On 24<sup>th</sup> May 2019, the Organizer will arrange VANs and/or Hotel transportation to send all participants from Hotel to Airport in Phnom Penh, the departure time to the Airport will be announced again during the meeting.

### Transportation at Kampot

Kampot has numerous transport options available, including taxis, motorbike, tuk-tuks, and boats. As the hotel is too far away from town (1hr.), so be prepared to pay approximately \$4 each way to get into central Kampot. But there are many outdoor activities and attraction

sites around the hotel may spend your time such as Motor Kang Bey & Bike Ride, Jungle Trekking, Meditation Areas, Popokvil Waterfall, Mountain Lake, Le Bokor Palace, Old Catholic Church, Wat Sampov Pram, etc. as the attraction map in page 4 or visit this link for more information.

# 4. Language

The Meeting will be conducted in English and all the Meeting documents will be mainly in English. For the outside, the official language of Kampot is Khmer and it is widely spoken throughout Cambodia. the Cambodian language shares many features and some vocabulary with Thai. During French colonial hegemony, many French loanwords entered the language and the rapid growth of international trade and tourism over the last few years has led to an increasing number of English words being used. As Thansur Sokha Hotel is a major tourist destination, most hotel staff can speak and understand English. Most restaurants and stores have signs and other information written in English, Chinese and Khmer, sometimes with pictorial depictions that you can point to. Most Khmer people don't expect a foreigner to be able to speak any of their language and will surely appreciate if you make a little effort and can string a few sentences together in the local language Khmer.

Some useful words and phrases in Khmer:

Hello – Jum-reap soo-a

Good Morning/Afternoon/Evening/Night - Arun/tiveah/sayoanh/reah-trey sour sdei

How are you? - Tau neak sok sapbaiy jea teh?

Have a nice day! - Mien tingay la-aw!

Goodbye! - Joom-reap leah

Yes - Baat (men)/ Chaa (Women)

No - Dteh

Please – Suom Mehta

Thank you – *Or-koon* 

Sorry/excuse me – Sohm dtoh

Where is the restroom? – Bang-kon noun aina?

Not too spicy please – Sohm kohm toe hal pek

This is delicious – A nih ch'ngun nah

# 5. Mobile phones

There are five mobile phone service providers in Cambodia: MobiTel (T) 012, Beeline (T) 090, Smart Mobile (T) 010 & 016, Cube (T) 013 and MetFone (T)097. Each brand has different levels of coverage around the country and different price packages. Participants can purchase their own local SIM cards from these recognized mobile operators upon arrival at Phnom Penh international airport. Usage is by pre-paid phone card, available in values from \$2 to \$100; in most towns, you'll find outlets displaying the logos of the various providers. When you get your card, scratch off the panel on the back to reveal your PIN, then call up the top-up number-also given on the card-and enter the number to activate the card. Call rates are around \$0.20 per minute within the same mobile network number or out to a local landline and the international long-distance calls—rates are currently around \$0.4-0.7 per minute.

# 6. Registration

The registration desk will be open at **08:00** a.m. in front of <u>VIP Meeting Room</u> which is located on 6th floor. Please provide your **name card** and your **boarding pass** to the Secretariat upon registration.

The official opening for the Meeting will take place at 08:30 a.m. on Tuesday, 21th May 2019. The formal sessions of the meeting will be held from 08:30 a.m. to 12:00 p.m. and from 01:30 p.m. to 5:30 p.m. on first and second day. Then start from 04:00 p.m. to 06:00 p.m. after the Technical Site Visits on the last day. For more information, please refer to the provisional agenda and time table which is attached as document number SEAFDEC/UNEP/GEF/FR-RSTC.2/INF.2b



#### **FLOOR PLAN**



# 7. IT Services & Documents

The meeting room is equipped with Wi-Fi. Technical support is available through the Secretary of the meeting desk. Technical support for presentations must be arranged in advance with the Project Coordinating Unit (PCU) support team.

Participants can stay connected while travelling on the van and during the technical site visits via access the exclusive network in following:

Network name: Fisheries Refugia Password: refugia2018

The presentation and documents of the meeting will be uploaded to Cloud Drive and shared to all participants via email. You can access meeting documents and photos of the RSTC2 meeting via our Fisheries *Refugia* website: <a href="https://fisheries-refugia.org/refugia-events">https://fisheries-refugia.org/refugia-events</a>

# 8. Currency and DSA

The official currency of Cambodia is the Riel (KHR). The commercial rate is subject to change daily (currently estimated at around USD1 ~ KHR4,000). But USD are widely available and accepted in Cambodia too. All major credit cards are widely accepted at banks, hotels, big restaurants and shopping centers. There are banks and currency exchange kiosks located at the airport, you may exchange from the hotel cashier as well. Participants are advised to exchange some local currency prior to your departure, or at the airport upon your arrival.

Daily Subsistence Allowance (DSA) and Terminal expenses, including taxi from home to airport will be provided to all sponsored participants in USD on the first date of the meeting.

#### 9. Weather

Cambodia has a tropical monsoon climate and generally remains hot and humid throughout the year. Cambodia's wet season comes courtesy of the southwest monsoon and lasts from May to October, bringing with it almost 75% of Cambodia's annual rainfall. Across Cambodia, throughout much of the rainy season, daytime temperatures average between 25°C and 27°C. During this meeting time is in early months of the wet season (May – July) remain very hot with infrequent rainfall usually in the form of short downpours.

Since the meeting room is air-conditioned and the temperature is maintained in the range of 23-24 degrees Celsius (73-75 degrees Fahrenheit). The dress code for the meeting is not specific, smart casual, light tropical clothing, shawl or any that would be appropriate.

# 10. Technical Site Visits

There are two places on schedule of morning session on the last day, both located in Kep province which is the smallest province of Cambodia. The territory of Kep is entirely surrounded by Kampot province except for the 16 km of sea coast on the southern side fronting the Gulf of Thailand and the Vietnamese island of Phu Quoc.

General Geography and Population

Kep province is located in South-West part closed to the sea with the coastal length of 2,650 km. which is the distant of 175 km. from Phnom Penh Capital. This province is total land areas of 187.24 km² and 13 islands such as Koh Po, Koh Svay Prey, Koh Hal Trey, Koh Mac Prang, Koh Ach Ses, Koh Ang Krong, Koh Snguath, Koh Ton Say, Koh Kok, Koh Mtes, Koh kbal, and Koh Karang (*See Figure 1: Kep map*). The sea water depth in Kep is shallow less than 10 m, leading the presentation of beautiful mangrove forest, sea grass, and coral reef.

Kep is two districts/cities and five communes/sangkhats, which is 18 villages and 41,177 people living or 9457 families (statistic data of Kep 2017).

#### Socio Economic Aspect

Kep is a high potential province for tourism sector that is a main income source to enhance economic sector and development of the province. Main occupation of people in Kep is depending on natural resources such as natural tourism, fishing, salt field, and rice field farming. So, tourism and fishing activities have contributed very much to the enhancement of livelihood of people in Kep.

#### Fisheries Production and Fishing Activities

According to FiA's statistic data in 2017, There are 684 households of 3,304 people have been fishing full and part times, especially in Koh Ton Say and Koh Po area. 80% households of them have been practicing small scale fishing by using crab gillnet and push net to collect mussels and oysters, and trawlers operation is taking place as well. For example, the 3500 m length of crab gillnet, 7000 crab trap, the 5000 m length of shrimp gillnet and so on are applied in Kep province and 42 trawlers are occurring in Kep too.

Table 1 showed that blue swimming crab and shrimp production are higher than other species production harvested in Kep. Blue swimming crab production is 500 tons in 2015, 720 tons in 2016, and 650 tons in 2017 and shrimp production is 300 tons in 2015, 580 tons in 2016, and 300 tons in 2017, meanwhile mackerel productions is 2 tons in 2015, 2 tons in 2016, and 7 tons in 2017 and grouper production is 2 tons in 2015, 1 tons in 2016, and 1 tons in 2017.

Table1: marine fisheries production harvested by species in Kep from 2015 to 2017

Fisheries Production by Species	2015 (tons)	2016 (tons)	2017 (tons)
Blue swimming crab	500	720	650
Mud crab	-	3	5
Squid	170	2	80
Shrimp	300 580		300
Mackerel	2	2	7
Streaked seer fish	8	1	2
Sea bass	1	1	5
Grouper	2	1	1
Pale fin threadfin beam	-	3	5

(FiA's statistic data in 2017)

Table 2 showed that marine fisheries production in Kep is small quantity if compared with other 3 provinces along coastal area. Its fisheries production varied from 2237 tons in 2015 to 1400 tons in 2017.

Table2: marine fisheries production harvested by province from 2015 to 2017

Year		Provinces				
	Кер	Kampot	Kampongsom	Koh Kong		
2015	2237	15500	54000	51000	122737	
2016	1370	23180	46000	50050	120600	
2017	1400	21645	47790	50190	121025	

(FiA's statistic data in 2017)

#### Marine Fisheries and Habitat

Kep province is rich of biodiversity such as coral reef, sea grass and mangrove forest, providing a main home of marine animal and fish species living and spawning. For example, some species are found in Kep province such as Dolphin, Dugong, Sea Horse, Marine Turtle, Giant Mussel, and Giant Claim. According to MCC's research, 30-40 Dolphins are occurring in Koh Po and Koh Ton Say Archipelago.

There are many hard coral reefs about 52.5 ha in Kep archipelago based on FiA's research in 2005, especially at Koh Po, Koh Ses, Koh Kbal, and Koh Svay Prey. Generally, coral reef in Kep is covered with dusts mixed with sand because of shallow water caused by trawler activities.

Sea Grass provides habitats for juvenile fish and nursery for many different fish species. 3,095 ha of sea grass can be found in Kep, which is mostly located around the islands of Koh Tonsay, Koh Ses, Koh Po and Koh Kbal. Sea grass is a main food for endangered animal species such as Marine Turtles, Dugong, and so on.

Mangrove Forest is ecosystem in coastal areas and serves as habitat to the following endangered species: Green Turtle, Blood Cockle, Migratory Dolphins, Mud Crab, Swimming Crab, Grouper, Kelee Shad, Chacunda gizzard Shad, Blue Spotted Maskray, *Himantura spp.* (sting ray), Javelin Grunter, and Deep body Silver biddy (FiA. 2017). Mangrove forest in Kep covered 1.005 ha and declined from 30% to 40% during 10 years ago, causing from salt farm and coastal developments.



Figure 1: Kep map

# 10.1 Marine Conservation Cambodia (MCC-Local NGO)

Marine Conservation Cambodia is an NGO, focus on benefiting the local communities and sustain the conservation and research efforts. With the goal to achieve a sustainable and also a responsible way of fishing whilst supporting local communities and help to increase Cambodia's marine resources. Currently, there are many activities run by MCC such as Marine Conservation, Marine Research, Seahorse Research, Active Protection Against Destructive Fishing, Habitat and Reef Restoration, Kep MFMA management, Ocean Plastic and Dolphin Project.

There were invited by the Royal Government of Cambodia to work in Kep province on marine research reports which accepted by the National Fisheries Administration and Kep's provincial government leading to the approval of Keps first MFMA (Marine Fisheries Management Area) being created. This new MFMA around the Kep Archipelago is already seeing the return of many species that had disappeared from the area. Reefs begin to grow again in a healthy way. Sea grass is re-growing offering important shelter to crabs and other marine organisms, and seahorses are also starting to make a slow comeback. (MCC,2015)

#### 10.2 Blue Swimming Crab-Fisheries Refugia Site

Technical teamwork from Department of Fisheries Conservation/FiA collaborated with Kep Fisheries Administration Cantonment of Provincial Department of Agriculture, Forestry, and Fisheries in Kep, supported by Kep Provincial Hall Administration and funded by MCC, IUCN/MFF, and SEAFDEC/UNEP/GEF, to prepare the creation of Marine Fisheries Management Area, especially blue swimming crab fisheries *refugia* site in Koh Po (see Figure 2: Map of MFMA in Kep)

The aim of the creation of Marine Fisheries Management Area including blue swimming crab fisheries *refugia* site is to 1) protect marine and coastal habitats as well as spawning grounds; 2) prevent illegal destructive trawling; 3) reduce conflicts over resource use among local fishers; and 4) ensure responsible and sustainable fishing practices and effective management of marine fisheries resources and coastal ecosystems to improve the livelihoods of local communities

The process of this creation has many steps, including 7 consultation meetings with local communities, local authorities, and local NGOs, one technical meeting at provincial level, one meeting with Kep Governor, and two legal technical meetings at national level.

The MFMA has been zoned into four different sections of (1) fisheries conservation area; (2) fisheries protection area; (3) Fisheries refugia and (4) scuba diving ecotourism area, which have key roles and functions to ensure the sustainability of fisheries resources and raise the living standards of local coastal fishers.

On 12 April 2018, the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries (MAFF) of the Royal Government of Cambodia issued the establishment of the Marine Fisheries Management Area including Blue Swimming Crab Fisheries *Refugia* Site in Koh Por and Koh Tonsay Archipelago in Kep province. This MFMA covers 11,307 ha and encompasses the habitat of endangered flagship marine species such as the Irrawaddy dolphin, dugong, sea turtles and sea horses, as well as containing coastal habitats such as coral reefs, seagrass beds and mangrove forests. At that time, two management committees of MFMA is created to ensure its effective management, one as Provincial Management Committee (Chaired by Provincial Governor) and another as Technical Working Group (Chaired by Provincial Deputy Governor)

So far with financial and technical support from SEAFDEC/UNEP/GEF Fisheries *Refugia* Project MFF/IUCN in collaboration with Marine Conservation of Cambodia, there are following activities conducted including 1) preparing a three-year management plan for marine fisheries management area. Furthermore, 2) conducting a series of public awareness-raising events regarding the establishment of Kep MFMA along with detailing the roles and functions of this area to wider audiences and demarcate the boundary of the area for more effective patrol and management, 3) deploying 983 concrete blocks into MFMA site to protect coral reefs, sea grass and spawning ground from illegal trawling and to serve as the artificial habitats for some key fish species as well, and 4) patrolling and cracking down illegal fishing into MFMA.

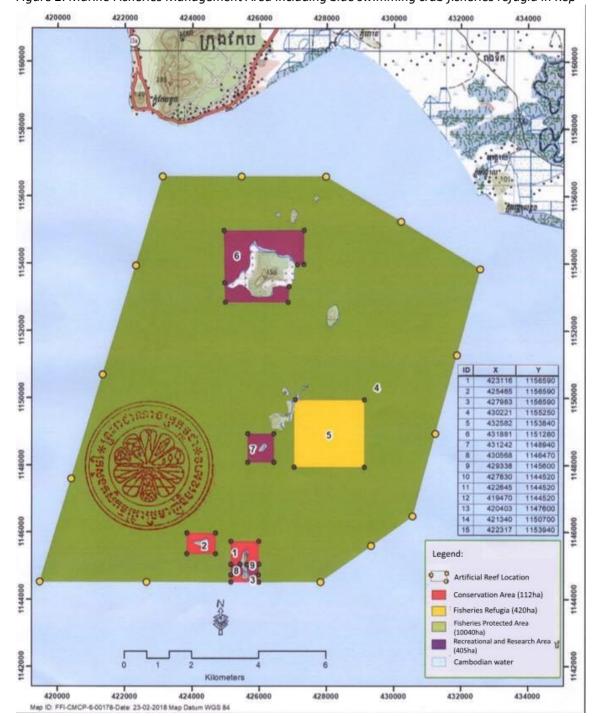


Figure 2: Marine Fisheries Management Area including blue swimming crab fisheries refugia in Kep

# 11. Others information

### **11.1 Meals**

The organizers are sponsoring a lunch and two coffee breaks per day for the duration of the meeting. Unless otherwise indicated, participants are responsible for their own dinner.

All the participants invited to join us at the **Welcome Dinner** hosted by Fisheries Administration on the first night (20th May 2019) that will take place at Kampot Town before check-in to the hotel. Another **Farewell Dinner** hosted by SEAFDEC/PCU will be held on the last

day of Meeting (23<sup>th</sup> May 2019) starting from 6.30 p.m. at the hotel, name of restaurant will be announced again duing the meeting.

There are choices of 4 restaurants and 2 bar inside the hotel, you can partake in Khmer cuisine, Chinese fare, Japanese delicacies, Western favorites, Asian buffet delights, noodles of Asia, International buffet, pastries, gourmet sandwiches and grill, etc. Please visit <a href="https://doi.org/10.1007/jhb/10.2007/jhb/10.2007/jhb/10.2007/jhb/10.2007/jhb/10.2007/jhb/10.2007/jhb/10.2007/jhb/10.2007/jhb/10.2007/jhb/10.2007/jhb/10.2007/jhb/10.2007/jhb/10.2007/jhb/10.2007/jhb/10.2007/jhb/10.2007/jhb/10.2007/jh/10.2007/jhb/10.2007/jhb/10.2007/jhb/10.2007/jhb/10.2007/jhb/10.2007/jh/1

#### Lemongrass

Lemongrass is situated indoor overlooking the impressive grand entrance view. Decorated in modern style, Lemongrass offers 24 hours service with a wide selection of noodle fare and numerous forms of Asian and Western cuisine.



#### Lotus

The Lotus offers a vast contrast and trendy colour with stunning interior design. The Lotus offers a complete selection of buffet breakfast, lunch and dinner.

The Lotus restaurant is temporarily closed for lunch and dinner on the weekday (Set Menu Available). But the breakfast will be opened as normal.

On weekend is open as below:

Friday: Buffet Dinner Saturday: Buffet Lunch and dinner Sunday: Buffet Lunch



### Champa Café

Chill out at our lobby bar and have a cocktail with light snacks and appetizers. Champa Café is designed in a comfortable impression with an open view of the lobby, the perfect place to see everyone and be seen!



# **Big Buffet**

Enticing flavors from around the world are being prepared right before you at the various live cooking stations in the restaurant. The Big Buffet offers something for everyone ranging from extensive appetizers to a broad range of international main courses and you can top off your entree with a mouth-watering dessert corner that includes gourmet ice creams, cakes and pastries.



#### **Waterfall Restaurant**

Located at Popokvil waterfall area offers a wide variety of Khmer food, snacks, and drinks. Guests can enjoy their lunch with a choice of outdoor seating by the water or inside the restaurant.





**Sky Bar** 

Situated on the second floor of the hotel, Sky Bar offers the beautiful view of the resort's grand entrance, garden and fountain. In open cool air atmosphere, this is one of the perfect outdoor places to enjoy and relax.



#### 11.2 Visa Requirements

It is the responsibility of participants to establish visa requirements for Cambodia and any transit countries as may be necessary, including the securing of such visas. There is no VISA requirement for all ASEAN Member States.

Each participant should ensure that his/her passport is valid for at least 6 months from his/her travel dates. If a visa to Cambodia is needed, the application process should begin immediately. Please contact the Cambodian Embassy or Cambodian Consulate in your country or check: <a href="https://www.mfaic.gov.kh/">https://www.mfaic.gov.kh/</a> for more information on visa requirements and applications. The participant also can get eVisa through online: <a href="https://www.evisa.gov.kh/">https://www.evisa.gov.kh/</a> before travelling.

#### 11.3 Time Zone

Cambodia Standard Time (CST) is 7 hours ahead to the Universal Time Coordinated (UTC), the same time zone as its neighbors Thailand, Vietnam and Laos.

### **11.4 Electricity**

The electrical currents in Cambodia are 230 volts and the standard frequency is 50 Hz. The power plugs and sockets are of type A, C and G in following the electrical outlets. Please bring a suitable adaptor if needed.



#### 11.5 Health

All participants are required to obtain medical insurance for the duration of the event prior to your departure. For more health information for travelers to Cambodia, please click on this link to read the CDC website. The government of Cambodia requires proof of yellow fever vaccination only if you are arriving from a country with risk of yellow fever.

In case you have an urgent need for medical treatment during the workshop or meeting, please contact the hotel's information desk (available for 24 hours). The hotel has a first-aid kit available for basic medical care.

Important phone numbers include:



#### 12. Local Contact Point

Should you have any questions or require any assistance during the event, please feel free to contact:

Technical Matters: Mr. Weerasak Yingyuad

Technical Coordinator of Fisheries Refugia Project/Fishing Gear Technologist

SEAFDEC/Training Department

P.O Box 97 Phrasamut-chedi, Samutprakarn 10290, Thailand.

Tel: +66 (0) 2425-6161 (Direct Line) E-mail: weerasak@seafdec.org

Mr. Leng Sy Vann

Technical Scientific Focal Point of Fisheries refugia project in Cambodia/

**Deputy Director of Fisheries Conservation** 

Fisheries Administration, Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries

#186 Preah Norodom Blvd., Sangkat Tonle Basac,

Khan Chamcar Morn, Phnom Penh, Cambodia (P.O. Box 582)

Tel: +855 17 44 63 73

E-mail: lengsyvann@gmail.com

Administrative: Ms. Nathacha Sornvaree

Secretary of the Project Coordinator Unit

SEAFDEC/Training Department

P.O Box 97 Phrasamut-chedi, Samutprakarn 10290, Thailand.

Tel: +66 (0) 2425-6166 (Direct Line) Mobile: +66 (0) 81-451-4925 E-mail: natha@seafdec.org

Ms. Chin Leakhena

Deputy Director of Department of Administrative Affairs and Litigation Fisheries Administration, Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries

#186 Preah Norodom Blvd., Sangkat Tonle Basac,

Khan Chamcar Morn, Phnom Penh, Cambodia (P.O. Box 582)

Mobile: +855 78 68 68 40

E-mail: leakhenachin85@gmail.com

The meeting organizers disclaim all responsibilities for medical, accident and travel insurances, for compensation for death or disability compensation, for loss of or damage to personal property and for any other losses that may be incurred during travel time or the period of participation. In this context, it is strongly recommended that participants will secure international medical, accident and travel insurances for the period of participation prior to departure.

Finally, we wish you an enjoyable event in Kampot!

Dr. Somboon Siriraksophon

Project Director,

SEAFDEC/UNEP/GEF Project on Fisheries Refugia